

Look for animals with the adaptations described below and write their name in the box. There is more than one answer for most boxes. Terms in italics are defined on the back of this sheet.

Adaptation bingo				
A mammal with <i>binocular vision</i>	A reptile that uses <i>cryptic coloration</i>	TWO animals hunted for their tusks	A bird that is an <i>herbivore</i>	An animal with <i>cryptic coloration</i>
A mammal who lays eggs	A snake that kills prey by squeezing	An animal that used to be abundant in NM	State bird of New Mexico	An animal that can swim
A mammal with canine teeth	An reptile that lives in water		A bird that eats mostly insects	An animal eaten by other animals
TWO mammals that use underground burrows	A snake with venom	A rare animal from Australia	A bird with a beak longer than its head	An animal with <i>aposematic coloration</i>
Two mammal <i>carnivores</i>	A reptile that can expand itself	A mammal affected by melting polar ice	A bird that eats <i>carrion</i>	An animal that lives in groups

Binocular vision is vision using two eyes at the same time. Eyes are usually side by side, facing forward. This arrangement gives animals depth perception and distance judging abilities. Animals with binocular vision are

often predators. In comparison, prey animals often have eyes on each side of their head, so they can watch for predators all around them.

Carnivore: Meat eater, almost exclusively. By the way, insects are considered meat!

Herbivore: Vegetation eater. May eat grass, trees, shrubs etc.

Omnivore: Meat and vegetation eater.

Carrion: Dead and rotting meat.

Cryptic coloration: Coloration that blends into the surroundings. Camouflage.

Aposematic coloration: Bright colors or sharp contrasts that warn others to stay away. A skunk, with its strong black and white contrast, is warning others.

