1 00:00:00.490 --> 00:00:02.830 American Gypsum PIH: Is there a time on it? 2 00:03:38.000 --> 00:03:39.060 American Gypsum PIH: The phones? 3 00:03:39.440 --> 00:03:45.040 American Gypsum PIH: Alright, audio is hot. We are a go. Okay? So are we on a record? 4 00:03:46.670 --> 00:03:55.070 American Gypsum PIH: I quess we're recording. Okay, okay, thanks. Can everybody in the audience hear me? 5 00:03:55.390 --> 00:03:56.740 American Gypsum PIH: Okay. Great. 6 00:03:57.350 --> 00:04:14.250 American Gypsum PIH: Alright, good evening, everybody. before we get started. Let me do a double check with Miss Armijo. Make sure that all our audio visual systems are working and that zoom is up and running. 7 00:04:14.600 --> 00:04:16.820 American Gypsum PIH: Yes, we are recording 8 00:04:17.240 --> 00:04:29.160 American Gypsum PIH: interpreters are going. So we are good to go. Okay. Great well, without further ado. We are here for a public information hearing 9 00:04:30.144 --> 00:04:37.829 American Gypsum PIH: regarding American gypsum companies, air quality construction permit. Application 10 00:04:37.960 --> 00:04:42.579 American Gypsum PIH: number 0 7, 5, 2, dash M. 5. 11 00:04:42.820 --> 00:05:08.659 American Gypsum PIH: My name is Rip Harwood. I'm the hearing officer presiding over this hearing. I'm basically an Mc. This is not an adjudicatory hearing. It's a public information hearing. So there won't be any decisions made tonight on the permit. This is for information purposes only. You'll hear a presentation from the air quality folks for the city of Albuquerque. First, st 12 00:05:08.780 --> 00:05:22.880 American Gypsum PIH: then, there will be a presentation by the American Gypsum Gypsum personnel after that, and then after that, there will be an opportunity for comments

WEBVTT

and questions from the audience.

13 00:05:23.430 --> 00:05:49.290 American Gypsum PIH: And the audience, I think consists. I see 3 people who aren't affiliated to my knowledge, with with the parties or the city plus whoever is on zoom, which I think is also single digits. Am I correct on that, Miss Armijo? Yes, we are up to 5 5 people in the waiting room. Yep, 5 people attending a total. 14 00:05:50.620 --> 00:05:55.529 American Gypsum PIH: including including the people in the room. Oh, no, that would be 8. 15 00:05:55.590 --> 00:06:18.719 American Gypsum PIH: Okay, all right. Well, the numbers are are growing. So so what we'll do is if you all will hold your questions for the panelists and your comments until after they conclude their presentation. Then you'll each have an opportunity to say what you'd like to say about the permit or ask. You know relevant questions of 16 00:06:19.146 --> 00:06:39.493 American Gypsum PIH: of whoever you think can provide the best answer and it's an informal hearing. So you know, I'll also defer to the panelists on question by question, whoever they think collectively might be able to provide the best answer to your questions will defer to them. So 17 00:06:40.720 --> 00:07:07.409 American Gypsum PIH: I don't necessarily think we'll need to put a time limit on people's questions and comments. But just so it doesn't get out of hand. We'll limit everybody to 5 min, and hopefully, you all can get whatever you need to say and ask ask and said within that timeframe, the other thing I I ask people to do, just to conserve everybody's time is. 18 00:07:07.510 --> 00:07:24.152American Gypsum PIH: listen to the questions and comments of the person who's preceded you. Because if they've said or asked a question that you were thinking of asking. You don't need to re ask it. Let's just save everybody's time that way. 19 00:07:24.540 --> 00:07:46.830 American Gypsum PIH: And the last thing before I turn it over to the people that really count here. The presenters is. I just remind everybody in the room to silence their cell phones and sure can keep them on and use them to take notes or whatever. But I prefer not to have them going off and distracting people. 20 00:07:49.580 --> 00:07:52.699 American Gypsum PIH: Okay, so let's see 21 00:07:53.760 --> 00:08:14.460 American Gypsum PIH: with that said, I guess we can proceed to the Air Quality personnel Introduction. I think. There, there are 3 folks from the Air Quality bureau here, and I'm gonna let them introduce themselves and then and then you all take it from here. However, you want to handle your presentations.

00:08:15.110 --> 00:08:25.550 American Gypsum PIH: Thank you appreciate it. My name is Michael Mckinstry. I'm the permitting that right permitted writing manager for the air quality program at the city of Albuquerque 23 00:08:29.290 --> 00:08:37.250 American Gypsum PIH: Kyle campaign. I'm a senior environmental scientist and air dispersion modeler with the program. I'm sorry. What was your name? Kyle Tempane? 24 00:08:43.169 --> 00:08:46.750 American Gypsum PIH: Hello. My name is Barbara Georgitsis. 25 00:08:47.738 --> 00:09:01.210 American Gypsum PIH: And I'm an environment senior environmental health scientist who was a permit writer and I worked on American gypsums permit modification. The subject permit modification. 26 00:09:01.540 --> 00:09:15.419 American Gypsum PIH: So as our hearing officer. Said, this is a public information hearing pursuant to 20.1141 point 15 of the New Mexico administrative code. 27 00:09:16.745 --> 00:09:19.960 American Gypsum PIH: Oh, tweak! It's coming. Okay, sorry. 28 00:09:22.220 --> 00:09:32.670 American Gypsum PIH: Okay, give me a moment to get it. So the modification is 0 7, 5, 2, dash M. 5 for American Gyps and Company, Llc. 29 00:09:33.040 --> 00:09:39.250 American Gypsum PIH: And where the air for Albuquerque, Bernalillo County Air Quality program. 30 00:09:44.370 --> 00:10:06.209 American Gypsum PIH: So yes, as he said, we're before the air quality program makes a final decision regarding a permit application. The Aqp. Shall hold a public information hearing. If the director determines that there is a significant public interest and a significant air quality issue involved. 31 00:10:06.650 --> 00:10:13.830 American Gypsum PIH: and in this case we had a Neighborhood Association, Northwest Neighborhood Coalition. 32 00:10:14.605 --> 00:10:16.980 American Gypsum PIH: Request the public information hearing 33 00:10:17.576 --> 00:10:28.919 American Gypsum PIH: the Pih is not an adjudicatory hearing on the merits of the permit, and the Pih shall be no fewer than 30 days before the deadline

34 00:10:29.040 --> 00:10:33.710 American Gypsum PIH: for the Aqp. To make a final decision next slide. 35 00:10:35.050 --> 00:10:51.849 American Gypsum PIH: The hearing officer shall determine whether to require attendees to be sworn before they can ask questions, provide comments, or provide information during the Pih attendees can ask questions, provide comments. 36 00:10:52.000 --> 00:10:58.910 American Gypsum PIH: and provide information regarding the requested air quality permit action. 37 00:10:59.100 --> 00:11:04.440 American Gypsum PIH: but no final decision shall be made by the program at the close of the hearing. 38 00:11:07.610 --> 00:11:10.600 American Gypsum PIH: and also the public information. Hearing 39 00:11:11.203 --> 00:11:23.799 American Gypsum PIH: the the Nmac. Mandates that the program arranges for location which we've done, and all the other logistics associated with preparing this hearing. 40 00:11:25.280 --> 00:11:28.550 American Gypsum PIH: They're all lists from that slide. 41 00:11:29.870 --> 00:11:57.039 American Gypsum PIH: So the permit actions pursuant to 20.1141 point 2 B 2, and Mac, the permit modification was issued. This is a little history. Oh, 7, 5, 2 m. 3 was issued a few years ago, March 2022, and this authorized construction to modernize American Gypsy. 42 00:11:57.960 --> 00:12:05.540 American Gypsum PIH: The new modern equipment was installed under that modification. In December 2023, 43 00:12:06.190 --> 00:12:18.529 American Gypsum PIH: however, the burner installed in that new equipment does not have the capacity required to replace the older equipment. As was intended. 44 00:12:20.530 --> 00:12:30.230 American Gypsum PIH: Therefore, American gypsum submitted an application for modification. This past September 2024, 45 00:12:30.560 --> 00:12:37.210 American Gypsum PIH: which is the subject modification in 5 for a replacement burner installation.

46 00:12:37.890 --> 00:12:51.960 American Gypsum PIH: And but according to manufacture data that came out for Co emissions, this replacement burner has higher Co emissions when operating at the maximum production rate. 47 00:12:54.710 --> 00:12:55.450 American Gypsum PIH: Yeah. 48 00:12:56.330 --> 00:13:00.161 American Gypsum PIH: So air dispersion modeling is conducted. 49 00:13:00.950 --> 00:13:06.910 American Gypsum PIH: 4 sources to determine that they meet. The air quality standards. 50 00:13:07.040 --> 00:13:10.579 American Gypsum PIH: So air dispersion modeling was conducted by 51 00:13:10.700 --> 00:13:15.240 American Gypsum PIH: American gypsum and verified by the program 52 00:13:15.540 --> 00:13:21.199 American Gypsum PIH: for the previous modifications that were issued for the plant modernization. 53 00:13:22.080 --> 00:13:34.939 American Gypsum PIH: the air dispersion, modeling demonstrated compliance with the national ambient air quality standards which are set by EPA and the New Mexico ambient air quality standards 54 00:13:35.070 --> 00:13:39.940 American Gypsum PIH: for criteria pollutants, which are nitrogen, oxides. 55 00:13:40.140 --> 00:13:53.529 American Gypsum PIH: carbon monoxide Co. Sulfur dioxide. So 2 and particulate. Matter. Pm. 10. That's Pm. 10 microns and Pm. Pm. 2.5 microns. 56 00:13:53.640 --> 00:13:58.570 American Gypsum PIH: So they did a demonstration flying with that. 57 00:13:58.760 --> 00:14:04.389 American Gypsum PIH: therefore American gypsun for this new modification 58 00:14:04.580 --> 00:14:13.400 American Gypsum PIH: that they applied, for they requested a modeling waiver for the Co. Emission increase based on their previous models

59 00:14:14.156 --> 00:14:19.300 American Gypsum PIH: and comparison to the significant impact levels for CEO 60 00:14:20.353 --> 00:14:31.720 American Gypsum PIH: the air quality program use current EPA's air MoD modeling software program, which is a standard modeling program that's used all over the country 61 00:14:31.820 --> 00:14:41.770 American Gypsum PIH: to confirm that the increase in pound per hour rate is below the 1 h and 8 h significant impact levels for Co. 62 00:14:42.550 --> 00:14:55.490 American Gypsum PIH: And they were indeed below the levels. So Apa, the program air quality program granted a modeling waiver in August of last year. 63 00:14:55.900 --> 00:14:58.110 American Gypsum PIH: and, as you can see in the table. 64 00:14:58.834 --> 00:15:00.770 American Gypsum PIH: The 1 h Co. 65 00:15:00.940 --> 00:15:08.510 American Gypsum PIH: And the 8 h Co. Is what's measured for Nacs, and the significant impact levels. 66 00:15:08.700 --> 00:15:14.649 American Gypsum PIH: And the 1 h Co is 31% of the significant impact level. 67 00:15:14.780 --> 00:15:20.039 American Gypsum PIH: And the 8 h Co is 89% of the significant impact levels. 68 00:15:20.280 --> 00:15:26.029 American Gypsum PIH: And this is modeled at the higher emission rate that was requested. 69 00:15:26.310 --> 00:15:32.939 American Gypsum PIH: which is 16.2 pounds per hour a Co. The current emission rate. 70 00:15:33.441 --> 00:15:37.160 American Gypsum PIH: That's permitted is 2.1 2 pounds per hour. 71 00:15:37.940 --> 00:15:42.389 American Gypsum PIH: So with the higher emission rate, they do meet the standards.

72

00:15:44.420 --> 00:15:54.259 American Gypsum PIH: When the modern equipment decommissioned equipment. So when the modern equipment is operational with the replacement burner. 73 00:15:54.690 --> 00:16:03.699 American Gypsum PIH: emission of criteria pollutants from the older decommissioned equipment will be eliminated, because that'll be shut down. 74 00:16:06.740 --> 00:16:13.820 American Gypsum PIH: So what is Co, according to the Federal Environmental Protection Agency's website 75 00:16:14.090 --> 00:16:20.570 American Gypsum PIH: Co. Is a colorless, odorless gas that can be harmful when inhaled in large amounts. 76 00:16:20.700 --> 00:16:23.650 American Gypsum PIH: Co. Is released when something is burned. 77 00:16:23.840 --> 00:16:32.709 American Gypsum PIH: The greatest sources of Co. To outdoor air are cars, trucks, and other vehicles or machinery that burn 78 00:16:32.870 --> 00:16:39.600 American Gypsum PIH: or and machinery that burn fossil fuels and 79 00:16:39.750 --> 00:16:45.069 American Gypsum PIH: undented kerosene gas space heaters, leaking chimneys. 80 00:16:45.230 --> 00:16:49.280 American Gypsum PIH: furnaces and gas stoves also release Co. 81 00:16:49.390 --> 00:16:55.489 American Gypsum PIH: And that can affect air quality indoors or in an enclosed space. 82 00:16:57.400 --> 00:17:03.240 American Gypsum PIH: If a criteria pollutant level exceeds the Max or the N. Max. 83 00:17:03.560 --> 00:17:07.429 American Gypsum PIH: a permit would not be issued by the air quality program. 84 00:17:10.119 --> 00:17:13.500 American Gypsum PIH: So what is being done about Co pollution 85 00:17:13.660 --> 00:17:21.020 American Gypsum PIH: under the Clean Air Act, the EPA sets and reviews standards for Co. In outdoor air

86 00:17:21.470 --> 00:17:31.099 American Gypsum PIH: EPA standards and data help the state tribal and local agencies to make sure that seal is kept at a safe level. 87 00:17:31.680 --> 00:17:33.740 American Gypsum PIH: The Nacs and the Mnax. 88 00:17:34.340 --> 00:17:44.530 American Gypsum PIH: where Co. Specify amounts of Co. That can be present in outdoor air to protect human health and the environment 89 00:17:47.180 --> 00:18:03.320 American Gypsum PIH: in Albuquerque seal levels are monitored by monitoring stations located at Del Norte site, which is San Mateo, Montgomery and the South Valley site, which is Mountain View Community Center 90 00:18:04.730 --> 00:18:13.790 American Gypsum PIH: air quality data is recorded on an hourly basis and maintained by the Air Quality Program Monitoring section. 91 00:18:15.640 --> 00:18:26.029 American Gypsum PIH: If any of the monitored criteria pollutants exceed the standards, a notice will be sent to advise the public that the levels are high. 92 00:18:29.200 --> 00:18:37.579 American Gypsum PIH: In conclusion, the increase in Co. Emissions from the modern mills, new replacement burner 93 00:18:38.350 --> 00:18:48.329 American Gypsum PIH: that the modifications applied for will be in compliance with the Max and Nmax, based on air diversion modeling. 94 00:18:48.860 --> 00:18:59.750 American Gypsum PIH: The new equipment will replace the decommissioned older equipment and emission rates of criteria. Pollutants at the plant will be reduced once the old equipment is optimized. 95 00:19:03.830 --> 00:19:05.930 American Gypsum PIH: Are there any questions? 96 00:19:10.310 --> 00:19:12.900 American Gypsum PIH: I don't. Do. I ask questions now, or should I? 97 00:19:13.540 --> 00:19:27.370 American Gypsum PIH: You know it's a small enough group. I I think if you'd like to add, ask questions, if if people have questions to ask while it's fresh in their mind, let's let them do that. Okay?

98 00:19:28.660 --> 00:19:51.940 American Gypsum PIH: So I have a couple of questions. And I just would like to say that I'm Peggy Norton, and I'm the one who sort of requested this meeting, so it's nice to meet you. I was hoping someone else was here. Oh, I was hoping Ellen Dwecky, I don't know if she might be on the zoom. She was gonna be here, and she had a lot of real specific questions. So. 99 00:19:52.370 --> 00:20:07.390 American Gypsum PIH: And I part of why I requested this meeting is to understand a little more of the process that a case like this goes through, and especially after that air Quality board fiasco back. 100 00:20:08.080 --> 00:20:15.399 American Gypsum PIH: what a year ago was it a year ago with the city? So I'm not clear who you guys are. 101 00:20:15.850 --> 00:20:18.240 American Gypsum PIH: We are the permitting group 102 00:20:18.470 --> 00:20:46.579 American Gypsum PIH: of the air quality program. Okay, is that the Albuquerque? It's quality program, or or is it just city? Okay? So it's totally separate from this air quality board. Yeah, we cover, we cover Albuquerque, the city of Albuquerque and Bernalillo County, and that's why the board represents the Albuquerque Bernal County Air Board. Okay, we are the program. So you're the permitting people, not the. 103 00:20:46.580 --> 00:20:56.760 American Gypsum PIH: So if you approve the permit, does it go to them for final approval? Or do they not have anything to do with it. 104 00:20:56.890 --> 00:21:04.208 American Gypsum PIH: Okay, okay. Then I had a couple questions about 105 00:21:05.670 --> 00:21:14.119 American Gypsum PIH: So you're putting in new equipment. The old equipment met most of those air dispersion 106 00:21:14.440 --> 00:21:27.080 American Gypsum PIH: things. But but the new one does also. Is that right? And the old one will go away 107 00:21:27.310 --> 00:21:29.029 American Gypsum PIH: like a burner. 108 00:21:29.660 --> 00:21:42.180 American Gypsum PIH: Doesn't have the capacity. They need another burner. Okay? So in the table, you said it had, the 8 h was 89% of.

109 00:21:42.460 --> 00:21:59.859 American Gypsum PIH: I mean the significant impact level. And is that just from that site, or does that take into the consideration that air quality contaminants, or whatever you call those things, and are in the general area. 110 00:22:00.070 --> 00:22:05.999 American Gypsum PIH: I believe it's just from this side. I'll let Kyle our air. He's our air quality monitor. 111 00:22:06.900 --> 00:22:20.710 American Gypsum PIH: Yeah. So the comparison to the sales is just for the facility itself. If if impacts exceed the sales, then we include surrounding sources plus background. But the significant impact levels are 112 00:22:21.090 --> 00:22:34.669 American Gypsum PIH: set by EPA at a level that if they're below it, it's been determined that there's no chance of them to contribute significantly to any sort of exceedance or issue in the ambient air. So they're 113 00:22:34.890 --> 00:22:40.829 American Gypsum PIH: significant. Impact levels are much much lower than the standards themselves. 114 00:22:41.200 --> 00:22:46.389 American Gypsum PIH: So say the the 1 h Co still is 2,000 micrograms. 115 00:22:46.720 --> 00:22:51.460 American Gypsum PIH: The National Ambient Air Quality Standard for 1 h is 40,000 micrograms. 116 00:22:52.050 --> 00:23:16.069 American Gypsum PIH: So it's it's not even reached the 2,000. Why do you look at the 1 h and the 8 HI mean, I. The 8 h to me seemed high. 89% is like almost 90%. And I wonder what a margin of error would be, well, it's it's 90%, again, of that sill which for the 8 h 500, the standard itself for the 8 h is 10,000. 117 00:23:16.760 --> 00:23:23.870 American Gypsum PIH: So this you know, the actual standard that they can't exceed is up here at 10,000 micrograms. They didn't even get to 500. 118 00:23:24.070 --> 00:23:37.499 American Gypsum PIH: So how do you get 89%? I thought it said, 89% of sales, 89% of the sill, which is 500, which is that lower cutoff to see if we need to include the surrounding sources and background. But they didn't even get to that level. 119 00:23:37.880 --> 00:23:41.159 American Gypsum PIH: So if they exceed that. Then we pull everything else in 120

00:23:41.670 --> 00:23:59.559 American Gypsum PIH: because they have a higher impact. But they're below that still, which is a low, it's basically an impact checker. So if they had a hundred percent, then you would go to that. So if they got to 500, then we would pull the nearby sources. The background from those monitors and everything, and put that all together. But they didn't even reach 121 00:23:59.670 --> 00:24:03.300 American Gypsum PIH: that significant impact level, that low, that low bar. 122 00:24:03.760 --> 00:24:06.152 American Gypsum PIH: Okay? And then 123 00:24:08.100 --> 00:24:10.405 American Gypsum PIH: And so 124 00:24:11.680 --> 00:24:22.879 American Gypsum PIH: your nearest measure is at Del Norte. Is that right? Where does that come into play here? Because all of this is just modeling? It's not anything in real time. Right? 125 00:24:23.090 --> 00:24:41.460 American Gypsum PIH: It's not yeah. It's it's model. So it runs using actual meteorology data from the airport for 5 year period. So it runs every hour of every day for 5 years to find the worst possible impact that you get over that whole time period. And that's the number we take and compare. 126 00:24:42.547 --> 00:24:58.169 American Gypsum PIH: And then I just to expand on a little bit. So those yeah, it's that's like close. That's the monitors that are being used. Those are set up according to like an EPA criteria of how to set up the monitors around the city. 127 00:24:58.460 --> 00:24:59.430 American Gypsum PIH: So. 128 00:24:59.850 --> 00:25:10.839 American Gypsum PIH: and I believe that's to get the best air quality data from from the monitors. I think it's always a sore point, though, with citizens, that there are only 2 monitors. 129 00:25:11.710 --> 00:25:19.950 American Gypsum PIH: And so what happens with carbon monoxide in in. Does it rise, or does it go down? 130 00:25:23.490 --> 00:25:27.279 American Gypsum PIH: Yeah, that's a hard one. It's it. 131 00:25:27.480 --> 00:25:41.429

American Gypsum PIH: I believe it's like from the research that I've seen. It's like any other, any other pollutant in there. It's it depended on what? I guess. What kind of atmospheric conditions are happening because you got 132 00:25:41.430 --> 00:26:06.679 American Gypsum PIH: other levels, layers that are doing different things, winds going this way. It's swirling. So it's going to get mixed into the atmosphere. If it's being, you know, mixed by like just whatever wind currents are going at that point. I don't believe it just falls. And then also in my research, just looking at stuff like on the EPA website. And it says that Co. Is one of the ones that it. 133 00:26:07.150 --> 00:26:22.670 American Gypsum PIH: I don't know if it's the right word, but dissipates out of the atmosphere quicker than most pollutants. It's like one of the quickest, I mean, it's they say it'll stay in a couple of months, but that's faster that it'll disappear faster than most other pollutants, too. But I believe it is 134 00:26:22.670 --> 00:26:39.680 American Gypsum PIH: it it? It it's dependent on what's going on in the in the air at that level, wherever the CEO is at, so it could be mixing, it could be blowing out. It could be coming in. It's not just dropping to the ground or just rising up out of there. It's it's gonna depend, I think, on the atmospheric conditions. 135

00:26:39.680 --> 00:26:40.035 American Gypsum PIH: Oh.

## 136

00:26:40.420 --> 00:26:49.930 American Gypsum PIH: because part of what I represent is the North Valley, which is down in the valley, and we get those inversions and the smog and stuff like that. So

## 137

00:26:50.180 --> 00:26:52.820 American Gypsum PIH: even though it's up there on Jefferson.

### 138

00:26:53.100 --> 00:26:56.249 American Gypsum PIH: It's a concern to us down lower. Yeah.

## 139

00:26:57.230 --> 00:27:02.430 American Gypsum PIH: And and you know, a a big component of Co. Is from vehicles.

# 140

00:27:02.770 --> 00:27:04.379 American Gypsum PIH: The vehicle traffic

### 141

00:27:04.740 --> 00:27:14.289 American Gypsum PIH: which we can't control or regulate. Right? But we can control this right? Right? But as long as they're meeting, you know the standards

#### 142

00:27:14.450 --> 00:27:16.070 American Gypsum PIH: they can show that.

143 00:27:17.280 --> 00:27:39.130 American Gypsum PIH: Okay, ma'am. Thank you. There's a a gentleman in the back with a question. But before you get to that, I just I have to intercede here. Whenever I don't have an answer to a question, I go to my go to Chat Gpt, which tells me that carbon monoxide is slightly lighter than air. 144 00:27:39.676 --> 00:28:08.573 American Gypsum PIH: So that may be. Why, it's hard to say it's not something that sinks or rises easily, I quess. At peak emission times you'd want to hope that there's a good breeze blowing right, anyway. That's beyond the scope of what I'm here to do. But I love chat, gpt, and sir, in the back go ahead. Yeah. Hi, my name's Kyle Smith. 145 00:28:09.400 --> 00:28:25.410 American Gypsum PIH: I'm coming as a someone who just kind of learned about this. My daughter is a a 6th grader at Cottonwood. Preparatory, which is right next door to the east. And so 146 00:28:25.855 --> 00:28:33.554 American Gypsum PIH: it's it's great to to kind of get into this, and there's some great information there. But I had a couple of questions to follow on with. 147 00:28:34.881 --> 00:28:47.080 American Gypsum PIH: to your question. Oh, sorry so you said that the older equipment will be decommissioned once this new burner is up and running. What's what's the timeline on that. 148 00:28:47.330 --> 00:29:07.649 American Gypsum PIH: So you know, this brings up a point. I mean, some of these questions are going to be better addressed by the folks from American gypsum. I'm beginning to regret my decision to open it up for questions that may be premature. 149 00:29:08.510 --> 00:29:33.839 American Gypsum PIH: why don't why don't you hold your question, sir? Let's let American gypsum put on their presentation. And and then the same thing for anybody that has questions on Zoom. Let's let's just hold those. Let's go to your presentation. Maybe you can answer the gentleman's question as part of your presentation. We'll hold the remaining questions till afterwards. 150 00:29:33.940 --> 00:29:36.579 American Gypsum PIH: I said. It'll turn green, and then it's on 151 00:29:41.870 --> 00:29:44.879 American Gypsum PIH: to load up the other. Yeah, give me one moment. 152 00:29:45.720 --> 00:30:08.930 American Gypsum PIH: and while she's loading that, I'll introduce myself. I'm Stephanie Timmermeyer. I work for eagle materials out of our headquarters in in Dallas, Texas, and American gypsum is one of our many subsidiaries, and I'll let Carrie introduce himself while we're pulling it up. Yeah. So I'm Carrie Slater. I'm

the plant manager of the Albuquerque facility. So me and my family live here in Albuquerque. 153 00:30:11.260 --> 00:30:21.369 American Gypsum PIH: and Carrie will be giving the bulk of we, we yeah, we're happy to that. We're here to be able to introduce ourselves to you guys tonight. And we just put together a couple of slides. 154 00:30:25.110 --> 00:30:27.400 American Gypsum PIH: Alright ready. 155 00:30:39.650 --> 00:30:43.615 American Gypsum PIH: Just tell me next slide when you yeah. The next slide is good. 156 00:30:44.150 --> 00:31:09.130 American Gypsum PIH: This is this is actually my only slide. So just to again introduce ourselves as as the parent company, and we are a a United States based only company. And we make a lot of different building products really necessary for growth and infrastructure. Here in America, health, safety, and environment are are some of our core commitments. And we we do a sustainability report. And so 157 00:31:09.590 --> 00:31:30.040 American Gypsum PIH: I put our website up here just in case anyone wanted to go to that website, our sustainability report is there on our public facing website, and you can see there some of our efforts in reducing water use reducing energy consumption, consumption, reducing greenhouse gas emissions, and learn a little bit more about our company there. 158 00:31:30.520 --> 00:31:33.210 American Gypsum PIH: and I'll turn it over to Kerry next slide. 159 00:31:34.210 --> 00:31:48.809 American Gypsum PIH: So American Gypsum Company, we have 5 manufacturing sites. We've got 2 here in New Mexico. We have one up in Colorado, one in Oklahoma, and then one out in South Carolina, and as Stephanie mentioned, our corporate offices is centered in Dallas, Texas. 160 00:31:49.110 --> 00:31:52.810 American Gypsum PIH: Sorry next slide. 161 00:31:54.092 --> 00:32:10.989 American Gypsum PIH: So I wanted to point out that safety is a core value of American gypsum. It's not just a priority. It's how we do business. I wanted to point out that our plants. Tr, it's a total recordable incident rate. It's it's much lower than industry average, and we're pretty proud of that. 162 00:32:11.160 --> 00:32:32.344 American Gypsum PIH: Our employees are engaged in in safety. We have a safety driven safety committee. I'm sorry. Employee driven safety committee and employees also participate in different activities like the the Children's safety poster. I've got a

7 year old, daughter. She loves doing the posters and showing the Ppe that we're required to wear 163 00:32:32.860 --> 00:32:34.130 American Gypsum PIH: next slide. 164 00:32:35.470 --> 00:32:49.539 American Gypsum PIH: Quick introduction to gypsum wall board. It's also known as drywall or plasterboard, and that's what we manufacture at the at the plant. It's a lightweight plaster based building material, and it's used to create walls and ceilings. 165 00:32:49.540 --> 00:33:06.690 American Gypsum PIH: Gypsum. It's naturally fire resistant, due to its chemical makeup gypsum is calcium sulfate with 2 molecules of water that are chemically bound to it, and then there's really no substitute for gypsum wallboard. You can't make a home without it. So gypsum wallboard is essential to building 166 00:33:07.580 --> 00:33:08.529 American Gypsum PIH: next slide. 167 00:33:09.773 --> 00:33:21.430 American Gypsum PIH: A little bit of background on our facility. It was built back in the 19 sixties. It's the 1st American gypsum plant we employ 89 people, 79 hourly, and 13 salaried. 168 00:33:21.580 --> 00:33:25.280 American Gypsum PIH: We support affordable construction in and around Albuquerque. 169 00:33:25.410 --> 00:33:33.410 American Gypsum PIH: And this modernization that we're talking about of our gypsum processing will enable us to run better and remain supportive to our community for the long term. 170 00:33:34.670 --> 00:33:45.269 American Gypsum PIH: We're capable of producing more than 450 million square feet of wallboard per year. This means we can make 79 miles of wallboard in a day, or enough wallboard for 8 houses in about an hour 171 00:33:45.969 --> 00:33:51.200 American Gypsum PIH: we ship while we're locally, and we ship as far as away as far away as the State of Washington 172 00:33:51.960 --> 00:33:53.080 American Gypsum PIH: next slide. 173 00:33:55.140 --> 00:34:04.840

American Gypsum PIH: So our facilities main modernization. It includes the gypsum receiving where the trucks dump the gypsum rock into a hopper. We crush it smaller for milling. 174 00:34:04.980 --> 00:34:18.529 American Gypsum PIH: The plan is to use this new flash calcining mill to grind and cook gypsum to replace the old antiquated mills. There's 3 of those 4 conventional kettles and some significant conveying equipment. 175 00:34:19.239 --> 00:34:32.949 American Gypsum PIH: That's the equipment we get to get rid of. We call cooking or converting the gypsum into plaster calcining just to kind of explain that basically, we make plaster so that when we rehydrate it and we add the water to it, it turns it back into rock. 176 00:34:33.270 --> 00:34:38.450 American Gypsum PIH: and our wallboard recycling system allows us to grind and reuse waste wallboard. 177 00:34:39.820 --> 00:34:41.189 American Gypsum PIH: The next slide, please. 178 00:34:42.647 --> 00:35:00.880 American Gypsum PIH: Product quality is pretty critical to our success. We meet or exceed the wallboard standards of quality. We have online testing that as the product moves through our process, our operators pull samples and check the board regularly, and the wallboard industry has strict customer and regulatory test requirements. 179 00:35:01.450 --> 00:35:14.529 American Gypsum PIH: Astm or the American Society of Testing and Materials has standardized tests that are used across the industry for testing wallboard and American gypsum has an a 2 la accredited lab on site that conducts the standardized testing. 180 00:35:18.060 --> 00:35:25.210 American Gypsum PIH: Looks like I did want to point out that we we ship wallboard on truck and rail car 181 00:35:25.830 --> 00:35:26.560 American Gypsum PIH: slot. 182 00:35:27.570 --> 00:35:46.249 American Gypsum PIH: So going back to the modernization again, just a couple of pictures. We're getting rid of 4 old kettles and 3 Raymond Mills for one new vertical roller mill. It will allow the plant to run better and be more efficient. It also allow us 183 00:35:46.250 --> 00:36:02.670 American Gypsum PIH: to yield a reduction in raw material usage, fuel, consumption,

electrical demand, waste and Co. 2. So our permitted emissions, and I know Barbara

hit on this, they will be reduced after the completion of this modernization and the removal of the old equipment 184 00:36:03.530 --> 00:36:21.660 American Gypsum PIH: next slide, please. I think most locals recognize our facility. From the steam coming from our stacks, we produce water vapor. Sorry water vapor. For several reasons. When we heat the gypsum, we're driving off that chemically bound water in order to make plaster. 185 00:36:21.950 --> 00:36:28.899 American Gypsum PIH: So then we add, we add water to the plaster, making a slurry. We put it between 2 sheets of paper, and we can form our wallboard. 186 00:36:29.220 --> 00:36:33.779 American Gypsum PIH: Finally, we dry the board which evaporates the water and produces more water vapor. 187 00:36:36.930 --> 00:36:45.690 American Gypsum PIH: So that's that's the presentation. I I know you asked the question about timing. You know the the new burner has been has been 188 00:36:46.121 --> 00:36:57.859 American Gypsum PIH: built the the oem built it, and it's currently on its way. I expect it to be on site at some point in in February, and our hope is that we can install it in March. 189 00:36:58.460 --> 00:37:25.069 American Gypsum PIH: and pretty much immediately. All the other older equipment would be offline. Once, after after commissioning of the of the new equipment. You know there, there is some operational requirements. Once the burner is in place. Then, you know, we're working with a couple of different people to get that system. Online operating at at the rate we need it to to produce the cal sign gypsum. So that'll take a little bit of time. But I mean, yeah, the the our. 190 00:37:25.070 --> 00:37:31.359 American Gypsum PIH: our, our need really is that this system goes online and is functional. And we don't use the old equipment anymore. 191 00:37:32.260 --> 00:37:36.200 American Gypsum PIH: So is it. The the emissions themselves are also being reduced. 192 00:37:36.340 --> 00:38:05.000 American Gypsum PIH: So when we permitted for this modernization, originally, what we, what we did is we permitted to run our old equipment at full capacity, and the new equipment at full capacity. We're not capable of doing that but we needed a permit that way to allow us to do the commissioning and and some of that thing some of those things. So yes, to answer your question once the old equipment is decommissioned, we'll we'll be able to modify our permit and bring those emissions limits down.

00:38:05.000 --> 00:38:06.840 American Gypsum PIH: So I think that's probably the 194 00:38:06.870 --> 00:38:11.130 American Gypsum PIH: I mean, that's really important information, you know. I think it would have 195 00:38:11.470 --> 00:38:35.549 American Gypsum PIH: been less of a shock if that was somewhere in the permit, and maybe the actual values of that reduction, and the, you know, components that are being reduced. So in the permit, there should be a table that's got control uncontrolled emissions and controlled emissions, and it should show that difference, and it should be in the application. Because also 196 00:38:36.010 --> 00:38:43.640 American Gypsum PIH: we base everything also off of like potential to admit which means these guys calculated everything running 197 00:38:43.650 --> 00:39:00.519 American Gypsum PIH: what we say. 87 60, which is every hour in a year. And the the calculations for the big increase is because it's the most conservative, so they don't. They didn't go over those numbers and become out of compliance. But it's very conservative. 198 00:39:00.520 --> 00:39:14.989 American Gypsum PIH: But you can correct me if I'm wrong. Once they get that equipment in, they got to fine tune it in. So it's getting the best burn. It's getting complete. Burn it gets tuned in that other equipment comes out. So those emissions are going to drop. It's that 199 00:39:14.990 --> 00:39:39.450 American Gypsum PIH: it's, I guess, bad optics that it's showing it's so big. But that's not going to be the reality of what really is gonna happen. Yeah, and it and and it it, the table is controlled and uncontrolled, and the uncontrolled is the potential to admit. So that's where it's they're running, basically saying, we're running every day. 200 00:39:39.450 --> 00:39:45.610 American Gypsum PIH: every minute, every day, every hour, every week, you know, and that just it's that's not even 201 00:39:45.750 --> 00:39:58.449 American Gypsum PIH: something that can really happen. Actually, okay, and there is there no real time emissions monitoring? Or are there any indications like internally about. You know the 202 00:39:58.690 --> 00:40:04.649 American Gypsum PIH: the efficiency of of your equipment while they're running. If there's something wrong, how would how would you know if

00:40:04.990 --> 00:40:08.849 American Gypsum PIH: it was something you know, wasn't burning 204 00:40:09.180 --> 00:40:32.689 American Gypsum PIH: as intended. And you know, now you're spewing out more. Yeah, there, there are a lot of instrumentation on the equipment, you know. Thermocouples for telling us temperature and things like that. And we do, we do monitor those very closely cause it's also tied into the quality of our product. So if if something, we're not operating properly, it it would get shut down and addressed immediately. Okay. 205 00:40:33.756 --> 00:40:47.820 American Gypsum PIH: and just a more broad general question about the company itself. Do, do you? Or does the company participate in any like corporate carbon offset credit for what you are 206 00:40:47.820 --> 00:41:13.020 American Gypsum PIH: we? We aren't doing anything like that. But if you get a chance to get on the website that I told you about and see the sustainability report, you'll see that every single one of our business units does have goals to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. And we are doing that. We don't. We do a couple of different programs where we could get credit. But we don't. We don't do that where we sell it. We just work toward reductions. 207 00:41:13.480 --> 00:41:34.201 American Gypsum PIH: Yeah. Oh, I guess I meant, you guys buying to offset what you are? Oh, no, currently no, we're not doing that. We're just focused on, you know, being like reducing our energy consumption and and emitting less greenhouse gas emissions. Okay? Final question, I think. Probably maybe towards the 208 00:41:35.745 --> 00:41:38.165 American Gypsum PIH: the permit. Folks. 209 00:41:39.130 --> 00:41:41.671 American Gypsum PIH: it's my understanding that most 210 00:41:46.760 --> 00:42:00.500 American Gypsum PIH: thresholds, for you know, contaminants and stuff is kind of based on adults and kind of what they can tolerate. And like, I said. You know there's the school right next door, so I'm wondering if there was any 211 00:42:01.140 --> 00:42:27.569 American Gypsum PIH: consideration there, or kind of you know, if there's ever been, I know, probably when the school 1st got started. There maybe have been, you know, safety impacts or stuff like that. Well, well, the EPA standards the next, and the New Mexico ambient air quality standards are are focused on. It's my understanding. Right? Kyle. There they both focus on more sensitive communities, elderly

212 00:42:28.043 --> 00:42:34.659 American Gypsum PIH: younger communities, people with asthma. And they they look at that when they set the standards.

213 00:42:35.460 --> 00:42:42.050 American Gypsum PIH: So they take a lot of different things into account. But we do? Where's that 214 00:42:43.860 --> 00:42:45.916 American Gypsum PIH: talk that loud? So use the microphone? 215 00:42:48.000 --> 00:42:56.090 American Gypsum PIH: so yeah. So standards are set based on a whole lot of different science and buyers. 3 committees. But with the modeling that we do that we're talking about. 216 00:42:56.950 --> 00:43:05.990 American Gypsum PIH: there's a whole receptor grid in the model. It's nothing that's actually physical on the ground. But these the modeled receptors go out. 217 00:43:06.540 --> 00:43:16.169 American Gypsum PIH: I think it was at least 5 kilometers in this one. So they go out through the school, well past the school, and those are predicting the concentrations at ground level. 218 00:43:16.410 --> 00:43:23.669 American Gypsum PIH: So not not at 6 feet, where adults head would be. But you know, at ground level, which is the way the standards were all written. 219 00:43:24.310 --> 00:43:27.180 American Gypsum PIH: So that's that's what I can tell you about that. Okay. 220 00:43:27.822 --> 00:43:33.270 American Gypsum PIH: have there been a safety study at, maybe through 221 00:43:33.980 --> 00:43:36.649 American Gypsum PIH: the company itself, or, you know, for the 222 00:43:36.830 --> 00:43:52.619 American Gypsum PIH: for the impact of having the school there, or is, it was more just kind of on the standards itself. Yeah, yeah, no, there was nothing specific for the school, but the school was was covered by the receptors as they went out, just like everywhere else. So there's 223 00:43:52.980 --> 00:43:58.809 American Gypsum PIH: I don't remember exactly how far apart they were at the school, but but they had a number of them on the site. 224 00:43:58.950 --> 00:44:00.380 American Gypsum PIH: especially if they're close.

225 00:44:00.530 --> 00:44:07.630 American Gypsum PIH: Okay, and no specific study by us. But we, of course, again, we rely on the Nat. Then then 226 00:44:07.720 --> 00:44:37.059 American Gypsum PIH: we rely on that on the national ambient air quality standards and then and the N. Max, that's just like kind of weird for me to say. But we that's what we rely on to to where our the standards are set for our permit writing and and the different for the criteria pollutants. So, and the EPA is is changing those they they're not like static. Yeah, they they change. In fact, they just changed. Pm, 2.5 last year reducing it. 227 00:44:37.784 --> 00:44:58.579 American Gypsum PIH: Okay, yeah. It went from, I believe, 12 micrograms to 8, 9, 9. Sorry. So those are. Those standards are always being looked at by the EPA. And you know, I'm sure communities are a factor of of lowering those. And and then, like you, said the monitors. 228 00:44:59.890 --> 00:45:13.150 American Gypsum PIH: Co. Is one of them, and I don't know if you're on the list. But we have the ozone alerts and the high wind alerts, and the If Co. Is really high somewhere in there that Alert would be called to so. 229 00:45:13.730 --> 00:45:16.810 American Gypsum PIH: But someone told me that CEO 230 00:45:17.280 --> 00:45:34.240 American Gypsum PIH: has not been elevated I mean ozone. I think there's ozone warnings and Pm. Warnings. We've had those. I've been with the city for 10 years, and there hasn't been a Co. Elevated level since I've been here. 231 00:45:34.460 --> 00:45:57.910 American Gypsum PIH: It's been in the paper today. It was pretty low. Yeah. But what does Co do in the air? I mean, it doesn't just stay as Co. Does it. Well, what one of the things it does that I've researched is it? Will it? Basically oxidizes. That's 1 of them. So it will go in the air. It's floating around. It'll grab oxygen, and it'll become Co. 2. 232 00:45:58.601 --> 00:46:11.258 American Gypsum PIH: You know that you're getting a little more out of my range, because, you know, you're getting interaction with plants and tree lives, and it's making oxygen. And there's other chemistry that happens with that. But 233 00:46:13.160 --> 00:46:32.239 American Gypsum PIH: oh, Co. 2 is sort of our greenhouse gas. It is also correct, I mean, in a way that's something that should be looked at. So our bigger sources report Co. 2 greenhouse gas emissions are are tied 234 00:46:32.310 --> 00:47:01.409

American Gypsum PIH: bigger title, 5 sources. But and some of our and I know this is part of our program, because I used to be in enforcement and compliance, but with those bigger ones part of the inspections are to make sure that they are reporting their Co. 2, what they're doing for the year. But that gets reported to the EPA. They're the ones that collect that data. Yeah, we don't regulate Co 2 exactly, or any of the greenhouse. It's not a criteria. Yeah. 235 00:47:01.480 --> 00:47:12.050 American Gypsum PIH: But there are websites that have all the greenhouse gas data, but that is collected by the EPA, and they're the ones that have authority over that. 236 00:47:12.460 --> 00:47:25.879 American Gypsum PIH: Okay, folks. We have one person that's been reported to me. There's a person on Zoom that's raised their hand and has some questions. So let's take somebody from the Zoom audience with their questions. Next. 237 00:47:26.510 --> 00:47:27.690 Nicholas Mattison: Hi! There! Can you hear me? 238 00:47:28.000 --> 00:47:28.850 American Gypsum PIH: Yes. 239 00:47:29.610 --> 00:47:32.649 Nicholas Mattison: Great. My name is Nick Madison. Oh, okay, good. My name is Nick. 240 00:47:32.920 --> 00:47:36.909 Nicholas Mattison: I'm also a parent of a student at Cottonwood. 241 00:47:37.500 --> 00:47:42.070 Nicholas Mattison: and I just wanted to add a little bit to some of the questions that the other parent had asked. 242 00:47:43.660 --> 00:47:53.410 Nicholas Mattison: when I'm really the reason that I'm at this meeting is that I'm looking for sort of some peace of mind. You know, we we drop off our kids every day at Cotton, when there they are across the street from 243 00:47:53.570 --> 00:48:18.729 Nicholas Mattison: from the facility, and we don't necessarily understand exactly what's what's being emitted there. I understand that the hearing today focuses on carbon monoxide. But when I was looking at the the announcement, I saw that, you know there's other emissions coming from the plant, including volatile organic compounds, particulate matter and other things, and what I wonder if both the city and American gypsum might do for me 244 00:48:18.890 --> 00:48:19.750 Nicholas Mattison: is 245

00:48:19.960 --> 00:48:31.870

Nicholas Mattison: 1st of all, just tell me, where do I need to go in order to have an understanding of exactly what my child is being exposed to every day, and then also, if you have an evaluation, if you have an opinion yourself as to whether or not 246 00:48:32.417 --> 00:48:38.129 Nicholas Mattison: you know there are any particular health risks being being posed by any of these emissions. 247 00:48:38.410 --> 00:48:43.150 Nicholas Mattison: Talk about that a little bit. But but mainly what I'd really like to be able to do is to get a sense of 248 00:48:43.870 --> 00:48:50.939 Nicholas Mattison: what the kids are being exposed to and hopefully be able to walk away from that feeling like, we're okay. So how do I do that? 249 00:48:53.760 --> 00:48:54.430 American Gypsum PIH: Hmm! 250 00:48:57.640 --> 00:48:59.173 American Gypsum PIH: Good question. 251 00:49:02.540 --> 00:49:07.690 American Gypsum PIH: Well, again, I guess. Going back to the national ambient air quality standards 252 00:49:08.140 --> 00:49:10.873 American Gypsum PIH: that that are set and 253 00:49:11.730 --> 00:49:17.340 American Gypsum PIH: these these companies, and I know Pnm. Reeves is there there also? 254 00:49:18.008 --> 00:49:23.749American Gypsum PIH: As they get permitted. And they they go through these ex modeling 255 00:49:24.522 --> 00:49:33.849 American Gypsum PIH: dispersion, modeling to show that they're they're not harming the the population. 256 00:49:34.170 --> 00:50:03.730 American Gypsum PIH: And if you want to see what the different facilities around there other than gypsum, because there's more around there. The city has a map on our website that pinpoints all of the. It has all the active permits that are going on, and you can go on there, and it'll tell you what the permit number is, and it'll tell you what pollutants that it emits into the air at that, at that facility.

00:50:03.840 --> 00:50:29.000 American Gypsum PIH: and if you wanted to go further you could get the permit number, and if you put in like a request or a foia, you can get a copy of that permit to see what that is. But you have that area has multiple businesses, and those permits will tell you what emissions are coming out of them. But you can go to that map, and it'll it'll show you what that. What is there. 258 00:50:29.250 --> 00:50:36.960 Nicholas Mattison: So 2 quick follow-ups. If I wanted to see specifically with respect to American gypsum, what the modeling showed 259 00:50:37.732 --> 00:50:45.990 Nicholas Mattison: for all of those different emissions, including the vocs, the particulates, and all that. Where? Where is that one available. 260 00:50:46.938 --> 00:50:50.771 American Gypsum PIH: So right now, the application is, 261 00:50:51.550 --> 00:50:53.270 American Gypsum PIH: is the modeling on there, too. 262 00:50:55.200 --> 00:51:00.219 American Gypsum PIH: Just, oh, okay, okay. So the the 263 00:51:00.440 --> 00:51:03.165 American Gypsum PIH: application is on our website. 264 00:51:03.890 --> 00:51:06.989 American Gypsum PIH: I don't know if there's a way we could maybe get a 265 00:51:07.290 --> 00:51:20.550 American Gypsum PIH: email from you so we could send you a link or cause. I don't have the link right off the top of my head, but when the pih is asked for, we submit all the documents that we have for the facility that's being looked at. 266 00:51:21.920 --> 00:51:28.259 Nicholas Mattison: Okay, yeah. And my, my email may be available. I think I had to put it in in order to get into the the zoom is that available to you guys? 267 00:51:29.530 --> 00:51:30.540 Nicholas Mattison: We got it. 268 00:51:30.540 --> 00:51:30.900 Nicholas Mattison: Great. 269 00:51:30.900 --> 00:51:45.499

American Gypsum PIH: Put it in the chat if you'd like, I can also access it that way. So yeah, if I can get that, Nick, and then what I'll do is I will send you a link to where those documents are, for when the Pih was requested. 270 00:51:45.810 --> 00:51:52.049 Nicholas Mattison: Great. And then the other question I had was based on what you were saying about there being a number of active permits in the area. 271 00:51:52.180 --> 00:52:04.490 Nicholas Mattison: I know that, for example, Pnm has a plant just right behind American gypsum. Is is there any study that the city does that looks at the cumulative impact of emissions from all of the sites that are in the area of the school. 272 00:52:05.673 --> 00:52:07.689 American Gypsum PIH: No, not that we do. 273 00:52:08.190 --> 00:52:10.159 Nicholas Mattison: Is that something I can get anywhere. 274 00:52:12.520 --> 00:52:22.350 American Gypsum PIH: I'm not sure. I mean we are the air quality. I don't. We don't do it, but I don't think you could. There would be. I could find that anywhere else, either 275 00:52:22.860 --> 00:52:29.930 American Gypsum PIH: or Oh, okay. So like, I mentioned earlier that this particular 276 00:52:30.310 --> 00:52:36.229 American Gypsum PIH: permit action, they did not exceed the sales. So we didn't include surrounding sources, but the previous one m. 3 277 00:52:36.560 --> 00:52:37.780 American Gypsum PIH: m. 3. 278 00:52:38.110 --> 00:52:40.850 American Gypsum PIH: That was for this whole modernization process 279 00:52:41.630 --> 00:52:47.060 American Gypsum PIH: that included some pollutants that exceeded the cells. And in that case we did modeling for 280 00:52:47.850 --> 00:52:59.870 American Gypsum PIH: the surrounding sources plus the background. So reuse was included General Mills across the street, the background from the del Norte Monitor. That's like 2 kilometers away, 2 and a half, maybe. So. That was done for. 281

00:53:00.470 --> 00:53:06.789

American Gypsum PIH: I guess 2 2 modifications ago, but 2 years ago to for the. When this whole modernization was requested. 282 00:53:07.390 --> 00:53:10.070 Nicholas Mattison: Great, and is that something you'd be able to provide to me as well. 283 00:53:12.490 --> 00:53:24.800 American Gypsum PIH: Yeah, I think I think we get that. That's older. That's not on the website. And it works. That was issued 2 years ago. But with him just asking, we can. It's all our records are public, so we can get that for you. 284 00:53:25.020 --> 00:53:26.319 Nicholas Mattison: I really appreciate that. 285 00:53:26.320 --> 00:53:28.269 American Gypsum PIH: And that what year was that? 286 00:53:28.710 --> 00:53:33.050 American Gypsum PIH: 2222, I believe 7, 3. 287 00:53:37.700 --> 00:53:40.680 Nicholas Mattison: I thank you all for your assistance. I really I really appreciate it. 288 00:53:41.560 --> 00:53:42.580 American Gypsum PIH: You're welcome. 289 00:53:43.510 --> 00:53:49.289American Gypsum PIH: Alright, thank you for the question. Is anyone else on the zoom? Call with the hand raised there? 290 00:53:49.510 --> 00:54:00.429 American Gypsum PIH: No, sir, okay. Is there? I I see 2 other people in the audience. Did you all sign up, or do you have 291 00:54:00.620 --> 00:54:02.690 American Gypsum PIH: questions or comments? 292 00:54:04.370 --> 00:54:10.150 American Gypsum PIH: Yeah, I I apologize for coming in late night. Hold on, let's get a microphone. Oh, yeah. 293 00:54:11.561 --> 00:54:23.869 American Gypsum PIH: I I was just confused about the standards when I see the standards. They're Ppm. But then, what you put out in that chart was in 294

00:54:24.896 --> 00:54:26.550 American Gypsum PIH: pounds per! 295 00:54:26.730 --> 00:54:28.969 American Gypsum PIH: What was it? Pounds per 296 00:54:29.370 --> 00:54:38.329 American Gypsum PIH: something, and and tons per year. So how do I? Just how do I reconcile that? I don't understand? 297 00:54:39.270 --> 00:54:45.829 American Gypsum PIH: So so yes, so, standards, standards, unfortunately, are in multiple, different. 298 00:54:46.360 --> 00:54:53.205 American Gypsum PIH: Wow, multiple different units. There's some Ppm. Like you said, there's some that are Ppb. 299 00:54:54.130 --> 00:55:08.689 American Gypsum PIH: What we do. That pound per hour and a ton per year are the calculated emission rates from the source. So there's no direct conversion from that to the standards. What we do in the models is you take the pound per hour rates. 300 00:55:08.970 --> 00:55:15.850 American Gypsum PIH: It puts that much into the air in the model, and then calculates how, what 301 00:55:17.090 --> 00:55:23.569 American Gypsum PIH: in the same unit as the standard, what the impact will be from that pound per hour emission rate. 302 00:55:23.860 --> 00:55:31.840 American Gypsum PIH: But I can't see that then I mean I can't you? I'm told that this meets the standards. But 303 00:55:32.090 --> 00:55:34.869 American Gypsum PIH: shouldn't I be able to see that in the numbers. 304 00:55:35.310 --> 00:55:48.470 American Gypsum PIH: Well, that's so. We have numbers matching the standards in what we did with the sills where they were, you know, at 400 something micrograms. The significant level is 500 micrograms. 305 00:55:48.680 --> 00:55:52.040 American Gypsum PIH: The standard itself is 40,000 micrograms. 306 00:55:52.810 --> 00:56:00.570

American Gypsum PIH: So they're far below the standard. Okay? Well, that's what I'm saying is, I would like to have been able to see. 307 00:56:00.860 --> 00:56:12.369 American Gypsum PIH: You know I'm I'm I feel like I'm mixing apples and oranges because I I see with the standard. Dpa. Standard is Ppm. But then you tell me what the emissions are, and I can't 308 00:56:12.640 --> 00:56:15.190 American Gypsum PIH: put that together at all, so 309 00:56:15.350 --> 00:56:18.779 American Gypsum PIH: is is there some place I can go to see that. 310 00:56:19.770 --> 00:56:31.839 American Gypsum PIH: So for this one, we have the CEO comparison. It's in the modeling report that is on the website, just like Mike mentioned, where all the other documents for this hearing are and that has. 311 00:56:32.730 --> 00:56:33.476 American Gypsum PIH: Let's he 312 00:56:34.130 --> 00:56:45.214 American Gypsum PIH: that has a larger version of the table that Barbara showed in the presentation that shows, here's the level of the significant impact flow where? Here's what the significant yeah, significant impact level is. 313 00:56:46.270 --> 00:56:48.070 American Gypsum PIH: Here's what the impacts are. 314 00:56:48.560 --> 00:56:50.400 American Gypsum PIH: And you can see how those are. 315 00:56:50.540 --> 00:57:00.250 American Gypsum PIH: So, because this one didn't exceed that. We don't have a table showing the standards like we do in a full, a full review where there's higher impacts. 316 00:57:01.360 --> 00:57:10.259 American Gypsum PIH: Okay, alright, I guess I'll have to have a look at it, I guess. 317 00:57:11.250 --> 00:57:15.160 American Gypsum PIH: Thank you. And I still have a couple of questions. 318 00:57:17.560 --> 00:57:19.710 American Gypsum PIH: So if you had to do.

### 00:57:19.980 --> 00:57:33.580

American Gypsum PIH: if you had to do cumulative for a couple of modifications ago, what changes about this that you don't have to do that. It seems like they've increased

## 320

00:57:34.220 --> 00:57:45.329 American Gypsum PIH: emissions for this alright so the the cumulative models that we had to do for the previous modifications.

#### 321

00:57:45.560 --> 00:58:02.889

American Gypsum PIH: Those pollutants aren't changing with this one. So it was. Things like Pm. I believe. Had we had to do a cumulative model, for in the previous modification for this one. The only pollutant that's changing is Co. Because of the burner change that American gyps and talked about.

### 322

### 00:58:03.130 --> 00:58:26.777

American Gypsum PIH: So nothing else was touched. No, no, their mission levels are changing. So we already did the modeling for that a couple of years ago. All we looked at for this one was the Co. Because that's the one thing that was being changed. So we check that. And there's no new businesses out there with additionally asked us to permit. Yet. Yeah, nothing that we know

### 323

00:58:27.270 --> 00:58:49.570

American Gypsum PIH: and that's that can come through like more business planning, because it's not necessarily that they're gonna come to us. But there is a relationship where, if there is a new one coming in that need that may possibly need a permit, we're notified by planning. And we kind of have that relationship. So we would know. But I haven't heard anything new that's going over there right now. That would need that.

#### 324

00:58:50.190 --> 00:58:50.876 American Gypsum PIH: So

### 325

00:58:54.380 --> 00:59:13.339 American Gypsum PIH: I guess this has to do with the new equipment and the old equipment, because I believe it was in the executive summary. I. I read this back in September and October, where but the Co emissions increased by 700%.

### 326

00:59:14.160 --> 00:59:37.379

American Gypsum PIH: So is that because of the new equipment and the old equipment, or is with the new equipment, is the total Co emissions going to increase 700. So they got that number. I'm just gonna say, from our end, this is my understanding. And again, it was what I was talking about before is there? Was that conservative Max that they were looking at? So

# 327

# 00:59:37.730 --> 01:00:04.920

American Gypsum PIH: they were looking to. They they base that off of manufacturing data, and that was the highest concentration. So I mean it. Just that's the highest it is. Now, that's not to say that that's what it's gonna be once they put the burner in tune it in. Get rid of the other equipment. That number, like we said is gonna drop. So it's so is it for sure gonna drop? I guess that's my question. Is that 700 based on

32.8 01:00:05.690 --> 01:00:14.799 American Gypsum PIH: that's not with the I thought that was with the new equipment, and I thought someone said that that the burner in the new equipment 329 01:00:14.870 --> 01:00:27.010 American Gypsum PIH: is not adequate, and that's why there's more Co emissions with the new burner. So what what happened was the original burner that was provided didn't perform adequately. 330 01:00:27.010 --> 01:00:47.489 American Gypsum PIH: so they had to go back and provide us a new burner, and when we put the original burner in. The manufacturer did not provide a guarantee on the Co. So calculation was done to come up with that number, and under the replacement with the new burner that the manufacturer came back and said, This is the level that they're willing to quarantee on emission. So that's what we had to permit for 331 01:00:47.490 --> 01:01:05.820 American Gypsum PIH: so once, like like Michael said once, the equipment is in an operational and tuned, then we'll know they're just guaranteeing. It'll be under that that level. Okay? But you're giving a permit based on that level. So I guess my question is, why can't there be any mitigation 332 01:01:05.830 --> 01:01:08.000 American Gypsum PIH: to reduce that level. 333 01:01:10.620 --> 01:01:13.149 American Gypsum PIH: We'll be taking out the old equipment 334 01:01:14.210 --> 01:01:31.089 American Gypsum PIH: and won't have those Co emissions right? But you're going to have. But the new burner has the likelihood of up to 700% more Co emissions. So why can't there be something required in the permit to 335 01:01:31.370 --> 01:01:36.050 American Gypsum PIH: capture some of those Co emissions instead of emitting them into the air. 336 01:01:37.670 --> 01:01:40.390 American Gypsum PIH: Well, they're not required to, because 337 01:01:40.500 --> 01:01:49.350 American Gypsum PIH: they meet the Nacs through the air dispersion modeling, and they have room so even at that increase. 338 01:01:49.520 --> 01:01:53.760 American Gypsum PIH: they still meet the standards. 339

01:01:53.960 --> 01:01:57.660 American Gypsum PIH: and then they're also required to test. 340 01:01:57.820 --> 01:02:02.710 American Gypsum PIH: And and within 6 months after installing the new burner 341 01:02:02.840 --> 01:02:05.809 American Gypsum PIH: so they might test that you know, lower level. 342 01:02:06.270 --> 01:02:09.369 American Gypsum PIH: but but they don't need to mitigate. 343 01:02:09.760 --> 01:02:17.700 American Gypsum PIH: I mean, there's major sources in in the city that you know can emit more than 100 tons. 344 01:02:17.860 --> 01:02:24.390 American Gypsum PIH: but they're not there as long as they meet the standards. That's our measurement 345 01:02:24.520 --> 01:02:26.490 American Gypsum PIH: that they don't have to mitigate. 346 01:02:27.460 --> 01:02:36.730 American Gypsum PIH: And so what are those standards, because to me, if it was okay at the earlier level, and now it's 700 times greater. 347 01:02:37.090 --> 01:02:52.110 American Gypsum PIH: That's that's a pretty loose standard ran through the modeling the that's what the national ambient air quality and the New Mexico ambient air quality standards. They're set by. EPA 348 01:02:52.250 --> 01:03:20.250 American Gypsum PIH: and that's that's really our our measurement. That's our measurement. And then that's all we, you know. That's what we have to go by, and our regulations. If they did exceed, then they would be required to mitigate. If they did exceed the Max, or you know we wouldn't issue them a permit, because they wouldn't have passed. They would have exceeded those those limits. We wouldn't even issue a permit. If that was the case, and they would have to do, they would need to do something. 349 01:03:20.250 --> 01:03:40.979 American Gypsum PIH: But with the modeling that he saw. It's still below the sills again. The sills are down here. The knacks are way up here, and they didn't even surpass the sills. So they're not required to. There was because of those limits they're not required to mitigate. I guess I'm still concerned that it's 89%. That's not way below. 350

01:03:41.130 --> 01:04:06.800

American Gypsum PIH: Well, it's 89% of the sill which is below the Max Matt. The the next standard, which is the sales below the Max standard. So it isn't hasn't even met that the sill standard. It's 89% of that. But it is that which means it's not even close. And he was saying what the Max was like. 40,000, and the sill was only like 351 01:04:06.870 --> 01:04:14.960 American Gypsum PIH: 2, 2,000 so, and for the one that goes to 8 h there at 89%. I think that's 500 micrograms is the sill. 352 01:04:15.140 --> 01:04:32.299 American Gypsum PIH: 10,000 is the standard. Okay? And then that's in our Nmac to our regulation. That's also an EPA regulation nacs. If you you look it up, you can see the table of Nacs, which I guess I should have included on the Nacs 353 01:04:32.520 --> 01:04:41.739 American Gypsum PIH: table for all the pollutants, you know, for Nox. So 2 Co. And Pm. 2.5 Pm. 10, 354 01:04:41.800 --> 01:05:03.230 American Gypsum PIH: and there's not really a nax for voc and so that's a table, you know, in the EPA regulations, in our regulations, in New Mexico education or New Mexico administrative code. Yeah. 355 01:05:03.733 --> 01:05:11.290 American Gypsum PIH: And for CEO I should say for CEO that the New Mexico standard is quite a bit lower than the national one 356 01:05:11.450 --> 01:05:16.930 American Gypsum PIH: especially, and when we're doing the standards and checking with modeling, we take whichever one is lower. 357 01:05:17.240 --> 01:05:25.770 American Gypsum PIH: So the and the New Mexico standard is a lower value, and it's also a more more stringent 358 01:05:26.080 --> 01:05:33.469 American Gypsum PIH: form of the standard. So the national standard, you basically take the second high result for the New Mexico standard is the 1st high. 359 01:05:33.720 --> 01:05:38.659 American Gypsum PIH: So it's a higher value out of the range, comparing to a lower standard, anyway. 360 01:05:40.530 --> 01:06:05.019 American Gypsum PIH: And then, my, could you just tell us the process after this? Because I know comments were supposed to be submitted by what September, October. And so that was by the deadline. I requested this meeting, and I think I got we got an email from you. Ex that now there's an extension until April second

01:06:05.230 --> 01:06:08.880 American Gypsum PIH: to issue and the permit.

## 362

01:06:09.350 --> 01:06:37.909

American Gypsum PIH: And so now, after this hearing, I think 30 days right? 30 days, you have to comment. Well, it's just 30 days for us to issue the permit now or not to issue or or whatnot we received, and address address those and give some information. Do we have a deadline for submitting comments? Actually, your comments are supposed to be submitted at this hearing.

#### 363

01:06:39.290 --> 01:06:58.559 American Gypsum PIH: So this whole hearing is being recorded, and it'll all but it's part it's going to be. Now part of that. Their file record that a pi H happened, it's recorded, and that this pih is going to be part of the record. And so all your comments that we've recorded in here are going to be part of the record.

# 364 01:06:59.260 --> 01:07:01.489 American Gypsum PIH: But a couple of these parents.

### 365

## 01:07:01.600 --> 01:07:28.310

American Gypsum PIH: You sent them to other places where they could do some research, but it's too late for them to make comments. Yeah, because we had that 30 day comment, public comment period before. And then you asked for the pih. But we're required by regulation to have that. So? Yeah, I mean, that was the period to really put the public to have the comments in. And then this will be part of the record, too, and then we we won't issue

# 366

## 01:07:28.550 --> 01:07:50.859

American Gypsum PIH: the permit, at least for another 30 days. But that's to. What will happen is is we're gonna we'll continue to look at it. It's gonna get written, and then we will send a letter of it. Whether we do or not. It'll it'll say why we've issued the permit, though, and and what criteria bet for us to issue, or or what our final decision was. Let me put it that way.

## 367

## 01:07:50.930 --> 01:08:16.590

American Gypsum PIH: It just seems a little hard to expect a common citizen to understand that 220 page application, and be able to read it and submit comments within the 30 days that we got it. For I mean, that is what this meeting is supposed to kind of clarify some of the stuff that's in that application. It seems like there would be an extension for comments that we submitted.

368 01:08:19.330 --> 01:08:20.749 American Gypsum PIH: I guess that's a

## 369

# 01:08:21.729 --> 01:08:50.610

American Gypsum PIH: it's that. I mean, we go by what's written out in the regulation because it it tie. It tells us exactly how we proceed with the whole permitting process. And I don't know if that's something we could look into in the past in the future. But I mean, it's just it. It spells it out very clearly how we're supposed to go forward. And and it's I'm sorry. That's just the way it is right now. So there is only a certain period where we can get comments

370 01:08:51.155 --> 01:09:00.800 American Gypsum PIH: who issues that regulation. So that regulation is the Nmac. It's the net. It's the New Mexico administrative code. And if you, it's in 371 01:09:01.029 --> 01:09:06.369 American Gypsum PIH: 2011 41, and it talks about the whole permitting process. 372 01:09:08.200 --> 01:09:10.820 American Gypsum PIH: Oh, did. Okay. The airport issues it. 373 01:09:12.660 --> 01:09:17.159 American Gypsum PIH: the burn code, the Albuquerque Bernlio County Air board. Yes. 374 01:09:17.961 --> 01:09:34.289 American Gypsum PIH: so. But it in that 2011, 41. It'll explain it like literally, step by step, how we're supposed to proceed with the permitting action. And we have to follow those steps like to the team? Basically. 375 01:09:38.550 --> 01:09:45.869 American Gypsum PIH: Okay, Miss Armijo, do we have anybody else in the zoom? Waiting room with hands raise? 376 01:09:46.050 --> 01:09:48.930 American Gypsum PIH: No, sir, we do not all right. 377 01:09:51.430 --> 01:09:54.769 American Gypsum PIH: Yeah. Anything else from the audience. 378 01:09:57.420 --> 01:10:15.069 American Gypsum PIH: Alright. Well, I wanna thank everybody the panel both panels for their presentations. And and the audience both here in person and and on zoom for their good questions and comments here. 379 01:10:16.031 --> 01:10:21.954 American Gypsum PIH: as was explained, this is part of a a big picture process that 380 01:10:22.450 --> 01:10:41.389 American Gypsum PIH: that the agency goes through whenever one of these permits is requested, and and the opportunity for public comment is necessary and appreciated. And it's part of what makes the process work. So 381 01:10:41.390 --> 01:10:56.540 American Gypsum PIH: those of you here in person and those of you on Zoom, who took the time out of your busy days to come here and study this ahead of time and provide your input. It's greatly appreciated. 382 01:10:57.140 --> 01:11:01.149

American Gypsum PIH: and with that I think we can be adjourned.

383 01:11:01.868 --> 01:11:11.150 American Gypsum PIH: Unless there's anything procedurally that I'm missing that needs to be covered before we go off the record.

# 384

01:11:11.500 --> 01:11:23.579 American Gypsum PIH: I don't think so. Okay, that's 1 reason this is just a an informational hearing. It's not very technical. So thank you all for your time, and we'll be adjourned this evening.

385 01:11:28.636 --> 01:11:38.290 American Gypsum PIH: Thank you.

# 386

01:11:39.170 --> 01:11:57.949

American Gypsum PIH: and I'll just. I'll get. I know I'm going to need the 2022 modeling from you whenever you get that to to whatever. Thank you for interpreting for us tonight, you and Leonel, you're good to go. Hi, yeah, thank you for coming. Yeah, yeah, we appreciate you coming and asking.